

School Transportation Administrative Handbook

2000-2001

Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

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INTRODUCTION

Pupil transportation is an essential part of the overall school program, which requires constant supervision and direction. Perhaps no other phase of the school program is more closely observed by the lay public or has a greater tendency to mold public opinion about the schools than the school bus system.

The success of any school district pupil transportation service operation depends largely upon the quality of performance and degree of dedication displayed by those involved. This publication presents excerpts from the Revised Statutes of Missouri (RSMo) and Code of State Regulations (CSR) pertaining to pupil transportation. Also recommendations designed to assist school district administrators comply with state pupil transportation statutes, regulations, and policy are included.

State statutes and regulations are only minimum requirements. School district officials concerned with pupil transportation, particularly boards of education, are required by state statute to adopt and enforce policies that ensure the safety of pupils while being transported.

This publication is divided into five sections: Section 1-Pupil Transportation Administration Model, Section 2-Services of the Department's Pupil Transportation Section, Section 3-Revised Statutes of Missouri Excerpts, Section 4-Code of State Regulation Excerpts, and Appendix - Resource Reference List of Agencies and Vendor Contact Information.

SECTION 1 - PUPIL TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION MODEL

OBJECTIVES

The transportation of school children safely and economically in school buses can be assured through observance of state statutes, state regulations and local board of education policies governing operations of pupil transportation.

MODEL PUPIL TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM

Laws authorizing public school transportation require boards of education to assume certain responsibilities. Through the local administration, these responsibilities are administered in accordance with the policies adopted by the local board of education and in conformity with the statutes and regulations governing pupil transportation.

A. The local school district Board of Education responsibilities include:

1. Determine the pupil transportation needs of the local district.
2. Secure proper authorization in accordance with law for providing pupil transportation.
3. Adopt specific written policies regarding the pupil transportation program. Provide and maintain safe buses which meet approved standards.
4. Plan routes and schedules to render reasonable and economical service.
5. Employ only drivers that have met all licensing requirements and State Board of Education regulations relating to driver qualification.
6. Require liability and property damage insurance for contracted vehicles transporting pupils.
7. Prepare and submit pupil transportation reports required by the State Board of Education.

B. School district administration shall provide the following:

1. Leadership in the implementation of a comprehensive pupil transportation program consistent with federal law, state statutes, the code of state regulations, and board of education policy.
2. A local director of pupil transportation with the staff and other resources necessary for optimal transportation performance.
3. A clear, concise pupil transportation discipline policy.
4. A cost accounting system for all expenditures in the area of pupil transportation.
5. A pupil transportation safety program utilizing community resources, law enforcement, and state agencies.
6. A student handbook containing detailed instructions for implementing the school district's transportation policies.
7. A comprehensive school bus driver training program for both pre-service and inservice instruction which includes classroom and behind the wheel instruction.
8. A comprehensive safety and ridership curricula for pupil passengers.

9. A comprehensive school bus preventive and ongoing maintenance program.
 10. Prepare and distribute bus schedules to drivers and transported pupils.
 11. Keep a record of pupils transported.
 12. Prepare and keep current all school bus route maps.
- C. Local director of pupil transportation duties include, but are not limited to:
1. Assist in planning, budgeting and forecasting for the pupil transportation system.
 2. Supervise the implementation of the school district's plan for equipment preventative and on-going maintenance.
 3. Recruit, instruct and supervise pupil transportation personnel.
 4. Route and schedule school buses for safe, efficient and economical pupil transportation service and annually evaluate route pickup and drop-off locations for pupil safety.
 5. Assist in the development and implementation of pupil transportation safety education programs.
 6. Investigate and report school bus accidents.
 7. Maintain pupil transportation records and prepare reports as required.
 8. Conduct an annual evaluation of the pupil transportation system.
 9. Provide continuous supervision of loading and unloading areas at or near the school building(s).
 10. Provide transportation personnel opportunities for growth in job related activities.
 11. Provide to each school bus driver at the time of employment, a school bus driver's handbook. This handbook shall include the following:
 - a. The state transportation laws, regulations and local policies governing pupil transportation and school bus operation.
 - b. Vehicle operation and maintenance.
 - c. Procedures for the driver to perform when involved in an accident.
 - d. Basic first aid procedures.
 12. Conduct regularly scheduled safety meetings for employees.

D. Policies and guidelines:

Once established, policies and guidelines become the basis for development of operating procedures. This allows decisions about operational details to be made at the administrative level rather than by the local board of education. Policies and guidelines should be precise, in writing, and cover the following topics:

1. A statement of philosophy.
2. A definition of the pupil transportation program's goals and objectives.
3. Procedures for determining eligibility for transportation.
4. Access to school buses.
5. A description of all types of transportation provided.
6. The days on which service will be available.
7. School start and closing time.
8. Administrative responsibilities related to program service.
9. Essential routing constraints.
10. The extent of special transportation service.
11. Student behavior, rules and regulations.
12. Provisions for the use of contract transportation and/or charter buses.
13. Acceptable purchasing procedures.
14. Desired limits of insurance coverage.
15. Emergency procedures and/or contingency plans to be followed in the event of an accident, unexpected school closing, or unforeseen route change.
16. A pupil transportation program organization chart, identifying the flow of responsibility from the board of education to the school bus driver.
17. Transportation safety education guidelines for driver and pupils.

SCHOOL BUS ROUTING

A. In determining school bus routing procedures, the following general criteria should be studied:

1. Location of pupil's residence.
2. Grade and age of the pupils to be transported.
3. Type and condition of roads.
4. Standard of service desired.
5. Funds available for transportation service.

B. The following information should also be taken into consideration when establishing school bus routes.

1. The general safety of all routes in relation to hazards such as hills, intersections, railroad crossings, bridges, sharp curves, and obstructions to visibility.
 2. The general safety of loading and unloading stops in relation to the visibility of approaching motorists.
 3. Walking distance to the bus stop in relation to the age of the pupil.
 4. Walking route safety to loading stop, from unloading stop, and loading zones.
- C. The following are guidelines recommended by the State Board of Education to help school officials review bus routes and their transportation program in general:
1. Bus stops should be authorized and designated by the school administration. Procedures for changes in bus stops should be established.
 2. Duplication of route miles and "deadheading" should be avoided if at all possible.
 3. In towns and cities, school bus stops should be established at least six to eight blocks apart, unless conditions make it impractical to do so.
 4. In order to use the fewest number of buses, multiple routes should be used when possible. This can be accomplished by using tiered starting times for attendance centers.
 5. All buses should be loaded as near capacity as possible, using a bus of appropriate size for each route.
 6. Routes should be planned to avoid dead-end streets or cul-de-sacs whenever possible.
 7. School district officials should assign pupils to buses in a way that equalizes bus loads and avoids overloading.
 8. Buses should be used primarily to transport pupils to and from school. Buses may be used to transport pupils on school-sponsored activity trips, but such trips should not interfere with the transportation of pupils to and from school.

SAFE OPERATION

Safety should be a major consideration in planning and operating pupil transportation programs. Proper planning for safety is denoted by a readily apparent interest in safety on the part of the school board, the superintendent, the principal, the school bus driver, the transported pupils, and patrons. A program to acquaint all students with safe riding, and loading and unloading procedures should be implemented and continued throughout the year.

BUS MAINTENANCE

Proper maintenance of school buses is important to safe and economical operation. Proper maintenance is demonstrated, in part, by clean, well-kept buses that pass with a high percentage the inspections by a licensed inspection mechanic in August and the spring inspection by the Missouri State Highway Patrol. The quality of the maintenance program is also reflected in the efficiency of the transportation service. An efficient maintenance program provides for emergency service and reduces interference with the school program to a minimum.

SECTION 2-SERVICES OF THE SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION SECTION

- A. Assistance to administrators can be provided in the following areas:
- B. State and Federal laws.
- C. State agency rules.
- D. School bus manufacturing specifications.
- E. School bus routing procedures.
- F. Contracting procedure.
- G. State and national statistics.
- H. Record keeping procedures.

EXEMPLARY SCHOOL BUS MAINTENANCE AWARD

The Department of Elementary and Secondary Education provides an Exemplary School Bus Maintenance Award to school districts and/or contractors who receive 90% or more first time pass on their Missouri State Highway Patrol spring school bus inspection. The award also recognizes programs whose buses passed 90% or more for five years in a row.

SCHOOL BUS DRIVER TRAINING

A program to train and certify individuals as school bus driver trainers is available. This program should help a school district maintain a trained staff of drivers. The Certified School Bus Driver Instructor training program is jointly sponsored by Central Missouri State University, Missouri School Bus Contractors Association (MSBCA), and the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, School Transportation Section. This program is usually conducted during the months of June and July. The program provides individuals with classroom and hands-on practical instruction activities. The goal is to provide each trainee with a model curriculum and instruction necessary to design and implement a school bus driver training program. The first objective is to inform individuals about the

basics of teaching in general and the specifics of teaching school bus drivers. The second objective is to disseminate model procedures, and methods used by successful school bus driver trainers.

SCHOOL BUS ACCIDENTS

To ensure that the causes of school bus accidents, both mechanical and human, are identified, an accident report must be filed within 48 hours after each accident. These reports are categorized and studied to identify any major problems and/or revisions necessary to manufacturing specifications or operating procedures that will result in safer pupil transportation.

PHYSICAL/MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS FOR SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS

The Department provides a sample physical/medical examination form that can be duplicated or modified to meet the annual examination required for school bus drivers in 5 CSR 30-261.010 Requirements for the Operation of School Buses (3) Driver Qualifications. This form will also be accepted by the Department of Revenue for the issuance of or renewal of a school bus operator's permit.

TRANSPORTATION REPORTS AND DUE DATES

REPORT TITLE	DATE DUE
School Bus Accident Report	48 hours following accident
Application for State Transportation Aid	August 15 via ASBR
Depreciation Schedules School Bus Facility	August 15 via ASBR

SECTION 3-REVISED STATUTES OF MISSOURI EXCERPTS

A school district's transportation program is authorized by and based upon state statutes. The following selected state statutes govern pupil transportation. In some cases, these statutes contain sections which do not pertain to pupil transportation; to save space, these sections have been omitted here and designated with ellipsis (...). In other cases, the statutes have been summarized here for brevity and clarity. Summarized laws are shown in italics typestyle. Editorial notes are enclosed in brackets []. Individuals desiring to access the complete text of these state statutes should refer to the Revised Statutes of Missouri.

CHAPTER 160

§ 160.261, RSMo Discipline-

3. The policy shall provide for a suspension for a period of not less than one year, or expulsion, for a student who is determined to have brought a weapon to school, including but not limited to, the school playground or the school parking lot, brought a weapon on a school bus or brought a weapon to a school activity whether on or off of the school property in violation of district policy, except that:

The superintendent, or in a school district with no high school, the principal of the school which such child attends may modify such suspension on a case-by-case basis; and

This section shall not prevent the school district from providing educational services in an alternative setting to a student suspended under the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 162

§ 162.670 to 162.995, RSMo *These sections deal with services to be provided for handicapped pupils. Transportation shall be provided as required in sections 162.670 to 162.995 RSMo.*

§ 162.700, RSMo Special educational services, required when-...-special services, ages three and four remedial reading program, how funded.-

1. The board of education of each school district in this state, except school districts which are part of a special school district, and the board of education of each special school district shall provide special educational services for handicapped children three years of age or more residing in the district as required by P.L. 99-457, as codified

and as may be amended. Any child, determined to be handicapped, shall be eligible for such services upon reaching his or her third birthday and state school funds shall be apportioned accordingly. This subsection shall apply to each full school year beginning on or after July 1, 1991. In the event that federal funding fails to be appropriated at the authorized level as described in 20 USC 1419(b)(2), the implementation of this subsection relating to services for handicapped children three and four years of age may be delayed until such time as funds are appropriated to meet such level. Each local school district and each special school district shall be responsible to engage in a planning process to design the service delivery system necessary to provide special education and related services for children three and four years of age with handicaps. The planning process may include public, private and private not for profit agencies which have provided such services for this population. The school district, or school districts, or special school district, shall be responsible for designing an efficient service delivery system which uses the present resources of the local community which may be funded by the department of elementary and secondary education or the department of mental health. School districts may coordinate with public, private and private not for profit agencies presently in existence. The service delivery system shall be consistent with the requirements of the department of elementary and secondary education to provide appropriate special education services in the least restrictive environment.

5. Any and all state costs required to fund special education services for three- and four-year-old children pursuant to this section shall be provided for by a specific, separate appropriation and shall not be funded by a reallocation of money appropriated for the public school foundation program.

§ 162.710, RSMo Transportation, how provided.-

The district responsible for furnishing special educational services shall provide necessary transportation for all handicapped children residing within the district, including transportation to and from contracted day classes, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 162.621 and 167.231, RSMo.

§ 162.821, RSMo District secretary, duties of - report, contents of.

The district secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of all annual and special elections of the voters of the district and of the proceedings of the board of education. He shall make copies of the election notices, contracts with teachers, certificates and all other papers relating to the business of the district, and securely keep the same. He shall maintain a correct plat of the district and shall promptly notify the department of elementary and secondary education and the county clerk of each county affected of all changes in the boundaries of the district. He shall transmit to the county commission and to the state department of elementary and secondary education, on or before the fifteenth day of August in each year, a report embracing the following items:

18. Such other information as may be required by the state board of education.

CHAPTER 163

§ 163.013, RSMo Schools offering both kindergarten and transportation, state aid, how computed -

Any school offering kindergarten and also offering transportation under section 167.231, RSMo, shall receive state aid for kindergarten students under the same formula as prescribed by law under section 163.031.

§ 163.031, RSMo Minimum Aid-amount, how determined-source of funds, how spent. -

3. School districts which meet the requirements of section 163.021 shall receive categorical add-on revenue as provided in this subsection. There shall be individual proration factors for each categorical entitlement provided for in this subsection, and each proration factor shall be determined by annual appropriations, but no categorical proration factor shall exceed the entitlement proration factor established pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, except that the vocational education entitlement proration factor established pursuant to line 16 of subsection 6 of this section and the educational and screening program entitlements proration factor established pursuant to line 17 of subsection 6 of this section may exceed the entitlement proration factor established pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. The categorical add-on for the district shall be the sum of: seventy-five percent of the district allowable transportation costs pursuant to section 163.161 multiplied by the proration factor ...

§ 163.161, RSMo State aid for transportation of pupils-powers of state board to approve or disapprove routes, or portions of routes-effect-limitations on use of funds.-

1. Any school district which makes provision for transporting pupils as provided in section 162.621, RSMo, and sections 167.231 and 167.241, RSMo, shall receive state aid for the ensuing year for such transportation on the basis of the cost of pupil transportation services provided the current year. A district shall receive, pursuant to section 163.031, an amount not greater than seventy-five percent of the allowable costs of providing pupil transportation services to and from school and to and from public accredited vocational courses, and shall not receive an amount per pupil greater than one hundred twenty-five percent of the state average approved cost per pupil transported the second preceding school year, except when the state board of education determines that sufficient circumstances exist to authorize amounts in excess of the one hundred twenty-five percent of the state average approved cost per pupil transported the second previous year.

2. The state board of education shall determine public school district route approval procedures to be used by each public school district board of education to approve all bus routes or portions of routes and determine the total miles each public school district needs for safe and cost-efficient transportation of the pupils and the state board of education shall determine allowable costs. No state aid shall be paid for the costs of transporting pupils living less than one mile from the school. However, if the state board of education determines that circumstances exist where no appreciable additional expenses are incurred in transporting pupils living less than one mile from school, such pupils may be transported without increasing or diminishing the district's entitlement to state aid for transportation.

3. State aid for transporting handicapped and severely handicapped students attending classes within the school district or in a nearby district under a contractual arrangement shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of section 163.031 and an amount equal to seventy-five percent of the additional cost of transporting handicapped and severely handicapped students above the average per pupil cost of transporting all students of the district shall be apportioned pursuant to section 163.031 where such special transportation is approved in advance by the department of elementary and secondary education. State aid for transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped children in a special school district shall be seventy-five percent of allowable costs as determined by the state board of education which may for sufficient reason authorize amounts in excess of one hundred twenty-five percent of the state average approved cost per pupil transported the second previous year. In no event shall state transportation aid exceed seventy-five percent of the total allowable cost of transporting all pupils eligible to be transported; provided that no district shall receive reduced reimbursement for costs of transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped children based upon inefficiency.

4. No state transportation aid received pursuant to section 163.031 shall be used to purchase any school bus manufactured prior to April 1, 1977, that does not meet the federal motor vehicle safety standards.

CHAPTER 165

§ 165.011, RSMo District funds-allocation of moneys-transfers-tuition paid from what funds.-

1. The following funds are created for the accounting of all school moneys: teachers' fund, incidental fund, free textbook fund, capital projects fund and debt service fund. The treasurer of the school district shall open an account for each fund specified in this section, and all moneys received from the county school fund and all moneys derived from taxation for teachers' wages shall be placed to the credit of the teachers' fund. All tuition fees, state moneys received under sections 162.975, RSMo, and 163.031, RSMo, and all other moneys received from the state except as herein provided shall be placed to the credit of the teachers' and incidental funds at the discretion of the district board of education. The portion of state aid received by the district pursuant to section 163.031, RSMo, based upon the portion of the tax rate in the debt service or capital projects fund**, respectively, which is included in the operating levy for school purposes pursuant to section 163.011, RSMo, shall be placed to the credit of the debt service fund or capital projects fund, respectively. ...

2. ... Any and all payments authorized under section 177.088, RSMo, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, for the purchase or lease of sites, buildings, facilities, furnishings and equipment and all other expenditures for capital outlay shall be made from the capital projects fund.

4. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the school board of a school district that satisfies the criteria specified in subsection 5 of this section may transfer from the incidental fund to the capital projects fund an amount not to exceed the greater of zero or the sum of .18 dollars per one hundred dollars equalized assessed valuation multiplied by the guaranteed tax base for the second preceding year multiplied by the number of resident and nonresident eligible pupils educated in the district for the second preceding year and the amount to be expended for transportation equipment that is considered an allowable cost under state board of education rules for transportation reimbursements during the current year ...

§ 165.021, RSMo Disbursal of school moneys-checks, form of-checks not to issue in excess of revenue.-

1. All moneys received by a school district shall be disbursed only for the purposes for which they were levied, collected or received. ...

§ 165.121, RSMo Biennial audit of records-state aid withheld, when- publication of summary (six-director districts).-

1. The school board of each six director district shall cause an audit examination to be made at least biennially of all financial, transportation and attendance records of the districts. Such examination shall be made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable in the circumstance, including such reviews and tests of the system of internal check and control of the books, records and other underlying data as are necessary to enable the independent accountant performing the audit to come to an informed opinion as to the financial affairs (including attendance and transportation transactions) of the district. An independent auditor who is not regularly engaged as an employee of the school board shall perform the audit and make a written report of his findings.

3. The report shall contain the following information:

- (1) A statement of the scope of examination;
- (2) The auditor's opinion as to whether the audit was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable in the circumstances;
- (3) The auditor's opinion as to whether the financial statements included in the audit report present fairly the results of the operations during the period audited;
- (4) The auditor's opinion as to whether the financial statements accompanying the audit report were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to school districts;
- (5) The reason or reasons an opinion is not rendered with respect to items (3) and (4) in the event the auditor is unable to express an opinion with respect thereto;
- (6) The auditor's opinion as to whether the district's budgetary and disbursement procedures conform to the requirements of chapter 67, RSMo;
- (7) The auditor's opinion as to whether attendance and transportation records are so maintained by the district as to disclose accurately average daily attendance and average daily transportation of pupils during the period of the audit;

(8) Financial statements presented in such form as to disclose the operations of each fund of the school district and a statement of the operations of all funds.

4. The school board shall furnish the state department of elementary and secondary education with its copy of the audit report not later than October thirty-first, following the close of the fiscal period covered by the audit unless, for good cause shown prior to such date, the commissioner of education or some officer of the department of elementary and secondary education designated by him for this purpose grants an extension of time, not to exceed sixty additional days, for the filing of the report. In the event the report in the approved form is not filed within the period or extension thereof, further state aid to the district shall thereafter be withheld until the audit report has been received by the department of elementary and secondary education.

5. Within thirty days ...

CHAPTER 167

§ 167.117.2, RSMo Principal, teachers, school employees to report certain acts.-

2. In any instance when a pupil is discovered to have on or about such pupil's person, or among such pupil's possessions, or placed elsewhere on the school premises, including but not limited to the school playground or the school parking lot, on a school bus or at a school activity whether on or off of school property any controlled substance as defined in section 195.010, RSMo, or any weapon as defined in subsection 4 of section 160.261, RSMo, in violation of school policy, the principal shall immediately report such incident to the appropriate local law enforcement agency and to the superintendent.

§ 167.131, RSMo District not accredited shall pay tuition and transportation, when-- amount charged.-

1. The board of education of each district in this state that does not maintain an accredited school pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092, RSMo, shall pay the tuition of and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241, RSMo, for each pupil resident therein who attends an accredited school in another district of the same or an adjoining county.....

.... Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be free to attend the public school of his or her choice.

§ 167.231, RSMo Transportation of pupils by districts, except metropolitan- mileage limits for state aid-extra transportation, district expense-election, ballot form.-

1. Within all school districts except metropolitan districts the board of education shall provide transportation to and from school for all pupils living more than three and one-half miles from school and may provide transportation for all pupils. State aid for transportation shall be paid as provided in section 163.161, RSMo, only on the basis of the cost of pupil transportation for those pupils living one mile or more from school, including transportation provided to and from publicly operated university laboratory schools. The board of education may provide transportation for pupils living less than one mile from school at the expense of the district and may prescribe reasonable rules and regulations as to eligibility of pupils for transportation. If no increase in the tax levy of the school district is required to provide transportation for pupils living less than one mile from the school, the board may transport said pupils. If an increase in the tax levy of the school district is required to provide transportation for pupils living less than one mile from school, the board shall submit the question at a public election. If a two-thirds majority of the voters voting on the question at the election are in favor of providing the transportation, the board shall arrange and provide therefor.

2. The proposal and the ballots may be in substantially the following form: Shall the board of education of the _____ school district provide transportation at the expense of the district for pupils living less than one mile from school and be authorized to levy an additional tax of _____ cents on the one hundred dollars assessed valuation to provide funds to pay for such transportation service? YES NO
(If you are in favor of the proposition (or question), place an X in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the proposition (or question), place an X in the box opposite "NO".)

3. The board of education of any school district may provide transportation to and from school for any public school pupil not otherwise eligible for transportation under the provisions of state law, and may prescribe reasonable rules and regulations as to eligibility for transportation, if the parents or guardian of the pupil agree in writing to pay the actual cost of transporting the pupil. The minimum charge would be the actual cost of transporting the pupil for ninety school days, which actual cost is to be determined by the average per pupil cost of transporting children in the school district during the preceding school year. The full actual cost shall be paid by the parent or guardian of the pupil and shall not be paid out of any state school aid funds or out of any other revenues of the school district. The cost of transportation may be paid in installments, and the board of education shall establish the cost of the transportation and the time or times and method of payment.

§ 167.232, RSMo Tax for extra transportation may be rescinded, procedure.-

1. The board of education of any seven-director school district where the voters of the district have approved the transportation of pupils living less than one mile from the school and the levying of an additional tax to pay for such transportation as provided in section 167.231 may, when it determines such action advisable, present a proposition to the qualified voters of the district rescinding the tax levy and the requirement that transportation be provided for all pupils living less than one mile from school. Such a proposition shall not be presented to the voters until after such transportation services have been provided for three full school terms and then only at the annual election. Approval of the rescission by a majority of the voters would be effective on July first next following the election. After that date the district shall provide only such transportation as is authorized under subsection 1 of section 167.231.

Upon December thirty-first of the year in which the rescission is effective, the district's tax levy shall be reduced by an amount equal to the increase approved by the voters under subsection 2 of section 167.231.

2. The ballot form for such an election shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the board of education of the school district be required to provide transportation only for those pupils living three and one-half miles or more from school with the option of providing transportation for those living a mile or more from school? YES NO

(If you are in favor of the proposition (or question), place an X in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the proposition (or question), place an X in the box opposite "NO".)

§ 167.241, RSMo Transportation of pupils to another district. -

Transportation for pupils whose tuition the district of residence is required to pay by section 167.131 or who are assigned as provided in section 167.121 shall be provided by the district of residence; however, in the case of pupils covered by section 167.131, the district of residence shall be required to provide transportation only to school districts accredited by the state board of education pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092, RSMo, and those school districts designated by the board of education of the district of residence.

§ 167.251, RSMo Board to prescribe rules and regulations-driver to give bond-fund charged with transportation expenses.-

When transportation is provided by a district pursuant to law, the school board shall make all needful rules and regulations for the transportation of pupils and shall require from every person employed for that purpose, a reasonable bond conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties as prescribed by the board. Expenses of transportation shall be paid out of the incidental fund of the district.

CHAPTER 171

§ 171.131, RSMo Seventh and eighth grade pupils may be sent to another district - tuition, how paid. -

1. The board of education of any elementary school district may elect to maintain an elementary school in the district for grades one through six only. In that event tuition shall be paid by the sending district as provided in section 167.131, RSMo, for pupils in grades nine through twelve. Pupils in grades seven and eight shall have the option of attending any approved school in the county of residence or in an adjoining county.

CHAPTER 177

§ 177.088, RSMo Facilities and Equipment may be obtained by agreements with not for profit corporation, procedure.-

The provisions of this section are applicable to school districts entering into agreements for lease purchase financing for school buses.

1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Board", the board of education, board of trustees, board of regents, or board of governors of an educational institution;
- (2) "Educational institution", any school district, including all junior college districts, and any state college or university organized under chapter 174, RSMo.

2. The board of any educational institution may enter into agreements as authorized in this section with a not for profit corporation formed under the general not for profit corporation law of Missouri, Chapter 355, RSMo, in order to provide for the acquisition, construction, improvement, extension, repair, remodeling, renovation and financing of sites, buildings, facilities, furnishings and equipment for the use of the educational institution for educational purposes.

3. The board may on such terms as it shall approve:

- (1) Lease from the corporation sites, buildings, facilities, furnishings and equipment which the corporation has acquired or constructed; or
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter or any other provision of law to the contrary, sell or lease at fair market value, which may be determined by appraisal, to the corporation any existing sites owned by the educational institution, together with any existing buildings and facilities thereon, in order for the corporation to acquire, construct, improve, extend, repair, remodel, renovate, furnish and equip buildings and facilities thereon, and then lease back or purchase such sites, buildings and facilities from the corporation; provided that upon selling or leasing the sites, buildings or facilities, the corporation agrees to enter into a lease for not more than one year but with not more than twenty successive options by the educational institution to renew the lease under the same conditions; and provided further that the corporation agrees to convey or sell the sites, buildings or facilities, including any improvements, extensions, renovations, furnishings or equipment, back to the educational institution with clear title at the end of the period of successive one-year options or at any time bonds, notes or other obligations issued by the corporation to pay for the improvements, extensions, renovations, furnishings or equipment have been paid and discharged.

4. Any consideration, promissory note or deed of trust which an educational institution receives for selling or leasing property to a not for profit corporation pursuant to this section shall be placed in a separate fund or in escrow, and neither the principal or any interest thereon shall be commingled with any other funds of the educational institutions. At such time as the title or deed for property acquired, constructed, improved, extended,

repaired, remodeled or renovated under this section is conveyed to the educational institution, the consideration shall be returned to the corporation.

5. The board may make rental payments to the corporation under such leases out of its general funds or out of any other available funds, provided that in no event shall the educational institution become indebted in an amount exceeding in any year the income and revenue of the educational institution for such year plus any unencumbered balances from previous years.

6. Any bonds, notes and other obligations issued by a corporation to pay for the acquisition, construction, improvements, extensions, repairs, remodeling or renovations of sites, building and facilities, pursuant to this section, may be secured by a mortgage, pledge or deed of trust of the sites, buildings and facilities and a pledge of the revenue received from the rental thereof to the educational institution. Such bonds, notes and other obligations issued by a corporation shall not be a debt of the educational institution and the educational institution shall not be liable thereon, and in no event shall such bonds, notes or other obligations be payable out of any funds or properties other than those acquired for the purposes of this section, and such bonds, notes and obligations shall not constitute an indebtedness of the educational institution within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction.

7. The interest on such bonds, notes and other obligations of the corporation and the income therefrom shall be exempt from taxation by the state and its political subdivisions, except for death and gift taxes on transfers. Sites, buildings, facilities, furnishings and equipment owned by a corporation in connection with any project pursuant to this section shall be exempt from taxation.

8. The board may make all other contracts or agreements with the corporation necessary or convenient in connection with any project pursuant to this section. The corporation shall comply with sections 290.210 to 290.340, RSMo.

9. Notice that the board is considering a project pursuant to this section shall be given by publication in a newspaper published within the county in which all or a part of the educational institution is located which has general circulation within the area of the educational institution, once a week for two consecutive weeks, the last publication to be at least seven days prior to the date of the meeting of the board at which such project will be considered and acted upon.

Provisions...

CHAPTER 178

Sections 178.490 to 178.510, RSMo

The school board of a high school district may form a contractual relation with another high school district to provide vocational education services for high school pupils not provided in the home district. State transportation aid is available if transportation is provided under the contract.

CHAPTER 191

§ 191.775, RSMo Public schools and school buses, smoking or tobacco use prohibited, penalty, permission use of tobacco, where--

No person shall smoke or otherwise use tobacco or tobacco products in any indoor area of a public elementary or secondary school building or educational facility, excluding institutions of higher education, or on buses used solely to transport students to or from school or to transport students to and from any place for educational purposes. Any school board of any school district may set policy on the permissible uses of tobacco products in any other nonclassroom or nonstudent occupant facility, and on the school grounds or outdoor facility areas as the school board deems proper. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction.

§ 191.777, RSMo More stringent ordinances or rules may be adopted by governing bodies or school boards.--

Nothing in sections 191.775 and 191.776, RSMo shall prohibit local political subdivisions or local boards of education from enacting more stringent ordinances or rules.

CHAPTER 301

§ 301.010, RSMo Definitions Under Registration and Licensing of Motor Vehicles.-

(50) "School Bus," any motor vehicle used solely to transport students to or from school or to transport students to or from any place for educational purposes;

§ 301.065, RSMo Annual registration fees-school buses.-

The annual registration fee for each [privately owned] school bus, twenty-five dollars, fifty cents. [Publicly owned school bus license refer to section 301.260 RSMo.]

§ 301.260, RSMo State and municipally owned motor vehicles-public schools and colleges courtesy or driver training vehicles-regulations.-

2. Motor vehicles used as ambulances, patrol wagons and fire apparatus, owned by any municipality of this state, shall be exempt from all of the provisions of sections 301.010 to 301.440 while being operated within the limits of such municipality, but the municipality may regulate the speed and use of such motor vehicles owned by them; and all other motor vehicles owned by municipalities, counties and other political subdivisions of the state shall be exempt from the provisions of sections 301.010 to 301.440 requiring registration, proof of ownership and display of number plates; provided, however, that there shall be displayed on each side of such motor vehicle, in letters not

less than three inches in height with a stroke of not less than three-eighths of an inch wide, the name of such municipality, county or political subdivision, the department thereof, and a distinguishing number. Provided, further, that when any motor vehicle is owned and operated exclusively by any school district and used solely for transportation of school children, the commissioner shall assign to each of such motor vehicles two plates bearing the words "School Bus, State of Missouri, car no." (with the number inserted thereon), which plates shall be displayed on such motor vehicles when they are being used on the highways. No officer, or employee of the municipality, county or subdivision, or any other person shall operate such a motor vehicle unless the same is marked as herein provided, and no officer, employee or other person shall use such a motor vehicle for other than official purposes.

CHAPTER 302

§ 302.010, RSMo Definitions Under Drivers' and Commercial Drivers' Licenses.-

Except where otherwise provided, when used in this chapter, the following words and phrases mean:

(2) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle designed or regularly used for carrying freight and merchandise, or more than fifteen passengers;

(18) "School bus", when used in sections 302.010 to 302.540, means any motor vehicle, either publicly or privately owned, used to transport students to and from school, or to transport pupils properly chaperoned to and from any place within the state for educational purposes. The term "school bus" shall not include a bus operated by a public utility, municipal corporation or common carrier authorized to conduct local or interstate transportation of passengers when such bus is not traveling a specific school bus route but is:

(a) On a regularly scheduled route for the transportation of fare-paying passengers; or

(b) Furnishing charter service for the transportation of persons enrolled as students on field trips or other special trips or in connection with other special events;

(19) "School bus operator", an operator who operates a school bus as defined in subdivision (18) of this section in the transportation of any school children and who receives compensation for such service. The term "school bus operator" shall not include any person who transports school children as an incident to employment with a school or school district, such as a teacher, coach, administrator, secretary, school nurse, or janitor unless such person is under contract with or employed by a school or school district as a school bus operator;

§ 302.020, RSMo Operation of motor vehicle without proper license prohibited. Motorcycle-special license-protective headgear.-

1. Unless otherwise provided for by law, it shall be unlawful for any person, except those expressly exempted by section 302.080, RSMo to:

(1) Operate any vehicle upon any highway in this state unless he has a valid license; ...

§ 302.051, RSMo Government-owned vehicles may not operate.-

Unless required by the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Public Law 99-570) or section 302.272, RSMo, any person holding a valid license, other than one limited to the operation of a motorcycle or motortricycle, may operate for official use any motor vehicle owned by the United States, the state of Missouri, or any municipality or political subdivision of this state.

§ 302.060, RSMo License not to be issued to whom, exceptions. -

The director shall not issue any license hereunder:

(1) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person operates a motor vehicle in the transportation of persons or property as classified in section 302.015;

(2) To any person who is under the age of sixteen years, except as hereinafter provided;

(3) To any person whose license has been suspended, during such suspension, or to any person whose license has been revoked, until the expiration of one year after such license was revoked;

(4) To any person who is an habitual drunkard or is addicted to the use of narcotic drugs;

(5) To any person who has previously been adjudged to be incapacitated and who at the time of application has not been restored to partial capacity;

(6) To any person who, when required by this law to take an examination, has failed to pass such examination;

(7) To any person who has an unsatisfied judgment against him, as defined in chapter 303, RSMo, until such judgment has been satisfied or the financial responsibility of such person, as defined in section 303.120, RSMo, has been established;

(8) To any person whose application shows that he has been convicted within one year prior to such application of violating the laws of this state relating to failure to stop after an accident and to disclose his identity or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent;

(9) To any person who has been convicted more than twice of violating the laws of this state relating to driving while intoxicated; except that, after the expiration of ten years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating the laws of this state relating to driving while intoxicated, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding ten years and that his habits and conduct show him to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court may order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if he is otherwise qualified under the provisions of

sections 302.101 to 302.540, RSMo. No person may obtain a license under the provisions of this subdivision through court action more than one time;

(10) To any person who has been convicted twice within a five-year period of violating the laws of this state relating to driving while intoxicated, or who has been convicted of the crime of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition. The director shall not issue a license to such person for five years from the date such person was convicted for involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition or for driving while intoxicated for the second time. Any person who has been denied a license for two convictions of driving while intoxicated prior to the effective date of this subdivision shall have their license issued, upon application, unless the two convictions occurred within a five-year period, in which case, no license shall be issued to the person for five years from the date of the second conviction;

(11) To any person who is otherwise disqualified under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.780, chapter 303, RSMo, or section 544.046, RSMo.

§ 302.260, RSMo Unlicensed person operating motor vehicle prohibited.-

No person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle owned by him or under his control to be driven upon any highway by any person who is not authorized hereunder or in violation of any of the provisions of sections 302.010, RSMo to 302.260, RSMo.

§ 302.272, RSMo School bus permit, qualifications-permit renewal, when-fee- temporary permits-grounds for refusal to issue or renew permit-criminal records checks of applicants.-

1. No person shall operate any school bus owned by or under contract with a public school or the state board of education unless such driver has qualified for a school bus permit under this section and complied with the pertinent rules and regulations of the department of revenue. A school bus permit shall be issued to any applicant who meets the following qualifications:

- (1) The applicant has a valid state license issued under this chapter or has a license valid in any other state;
- (2) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age;
- (3) The applicant has passed a medical examination, including vision and hearing tests, as prescribed by the director of revenue and, if the applicant is at least seventy years of age, the applicant shall pass the medical examination annually to maintain or renew the permit; and
- (4) The applicant has successfully passed an examination for the operation of a school bus as prescribed by the director of revenue. The examination shall include, but need not be limited to, a written skills examination of applicable laws, rules and procedures, and a driving test in the type of vehicle to be operated. The test shall be completed in the appropriate class of vehicle to be driven. For purposes of this section classes of school buses shall comply with the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570).

2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a school bus permit shall be renewed every three years and shall require the applicant to provide a medical examination as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section and to successfully pass a written skills examination as prescribed by the director of revenue in consultation with the department of elementary and secondary education. If the applicant is at least seventy years of age, the school bus permit shall be renewed annually, and the applicant shall successfully pass the examination prescribed in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section prior to receiving the renewed permit. The director may waive the written skills examination on renewal of a school bus permit upon verification of the applicant's successful completion within the preceding twelve months of a training program which has been approved by the director in consultation with the department of elementary and secondary education and which is at least eight hours in duration with special instruction in school bus driving.

3. The fee for a new or renewed school bus permit shall be three dollars.

4. Upon the applicant's completion of the requirements of subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, the director of revenue shall issue a temporary school bus permit to the applicant until such time as a permanent school bus permit shall be issued following the record clearance as provided in subsection 6 of this section.

5. The director of revenue, to the best of the director's knowledge, shall not issue or renew a school bus permit to any applicant:

- (1) Whose driving record shows that such applicant's privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended, revoked or disqualified or whose driving record shows a history of moving vehicle violations;
- (2) Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any felony or misdemeanor for violation of drug regulations as defined in chapter 195, RSMo; of any felony for an offense against the person as defined by chapter 565, RSMo, or any other offense against the person involving the endangerment of a child as prescribed by law; of any misdemeanor or felony for a sexual offense as defined by chapter 566, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or felony for prostitution as defined by chapter 567, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or felony for an offense against the family as defined in chapter 568, RSMo; of any felony or misdemeanor for a weapons offense as defined by chapter 571, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or felony for pornography or related offense as defined by chapter

573, RSMo; or of any similar crime in any federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction of which the director has knowledge;

(3) Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any felony involving robbery, arson, burglary or a related offense as defined by chapter 569, RSMo; or any similar crime in any federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction within the preceding ten years of which the director has knowledge.

6. The department of social services or the Missouri highway patrol, whichever has access to applicable records, shall provide a record of clearance or denial of clearance for any applicant for a school bus permit for the convictions specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 5 of this section. The Missouri highway patrol in providing the record of clearance or denial of clearance for any such applicant is authorized to obtain from the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information which might aid the Missouri highway patrol in providing such record of clearance or denial of clearance. The department of social services or the Missouri highway patrol shall provide the record of clearance or denial of clearance within thirty days of the date requested, relying on information available at that time, except that the department of social services or the Missouri highway patrol shall provide any information subsequently discovered to the department of revenue.

§ 302.274, RSMo Central depository system for notification of school bus driver positive drug, alcohol or chemical test.

The director of the department of revenue shall establish a central depository system which shall maintain and store notifications received pursuant to section 302.275, RSMo, concerning certain bus drivers. The notification shall consist of the names of bus drivers reported pursuant to section 302.275, RSMo, and any other information the director finds necessary to properly maintain a central depository or administer sections 302.274, RSMo to 302.276, RSMo.

§ 302.275, RSMo Employer notification to Department of Revenue of school bus driver positive drug, alcohol or chemical test.

Any employer of a person licensed pursuant to section 302.272, RSMo, to operate a school bus, as that term is defined in section 301.010, RSMo, shall notify the director of the department of revenue within ten days of discovering that the person has failed to pass any drug, alcohol or chemical test administered pursuant to the requirements of any federal or state law, rule or regulation regarding the operation of a school bus. The notification shall consist of the person's name and any other relevant information required by the director. The director shall determine the manner in which the notification is made. Any employer, or any officer of an employer, who knowingly fails to comply with the notification requirement of this section or who knowingly provides a false notification shall be guilty of an infraction.

§ 302.276, RSMo Suspension of school bus operator's permit for failing a drug, alcohol or chemical test.

If the director of the department of revenue receives notification of a failed drug, alcohol or chemical test pursuant to section 302.275, RSMo, and the director makes a determination that such test was failed, then the director shall suspend the school bus permit, issued pursuant to section 302.272, RSMo, of such person for a period of one year from the date the determination is made. Any person who operates a school bus, as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, after having the person's permit suspended pursuant to this section shall be punished in accordance with section 302.321, RSMo.

CHAPTER 304

§ 304.030, RSMo Certain buses and trucks to stop at railroad crossing, when-

Every motor vehicle transporting passengers, for hire, every school bus . . . whether loaded or empty, shall, upon approaching any railroad grade crossing, other than a crossing that is specifically exempted from the stopping requirement by order of the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development, be brought to a full stop within fifty feet, but not less than fifteen feet, from the nearest rail of such railroad grade crossing, and shall not proceed until due caution has been taken to ascertain that the course is clear, except that such full stop shall not be required at a streetcar crossing within a business or residence district, nor at a railroad grade crossing protected by a watchman or traffic officer on duty or by a traffic control signal (not railroad flashing signal) giving positive indication to approaching vehicles to proceed, nor when the division of motor carrier and railroad safety has ordered the placement of an exempt sign at the crossing.

§ 304.044, RSMo Buses and trucks not to follow within 300 feet- penalty.-

1. The following terms as used in this section shall mean:

(1) "Bus", any vehicle or motor car designed and used for the purpose of carrying more than seven persons;

(2) "Truck", any vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer or semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled or drawn by mechanical power and designed or used in the transportation of property upon the highways.

2. The driver of any truck or bus, when traveling upon a public highway of this state outside of a business or residential district, shall not follow within three hundred feet of another such vehicle; provided, the provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent the overtaking and passing, by any such truck or bus, of another similar vehicle.

3. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a class C misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly.

§ 304.050, RSMo School buses, drivers to stop for, when-signs required on buses-bus driver responsibilities-driver identity rebuttable presumption, when.-

1. The driver of a vehicle upon a highway upon meeting or overtaking from either direction any school bus which has stopped on the highway for the purpose of receiving or discharging any school children and whose driver has in the manner prescribed by law given the signal to stop, shall stop the vehicle before reaching such school bus and shall not proceed until such school bus resumes motion, or until signaled by its driver to proceed.

2. Every bus used for the transportation of school children shall bear upon the front and rear thereon a plainly visible sign containing the words "school bus" in letters not less than eight inches in height. Each bus shall have lettered on the rear in plain and distinct type the following: "State Law: Stop while bus is loading and unloading". Each school bus subject to the provisions of sections 304.050 to 304.070 shall be equipped with a mechanical and electrical signaling device approved by the state board of education, which will display a signal plainly visible from the front and rear and indicating intention to stop.

3. Every school bus operated to transport students in the public school system which has a gross vehicle weight rating of more than ten thousand pounds, which has the engine mounted entirely in front of the windshield and the entrance door behind the front wheels, and which is used for the transportation of school children shall be equipped no later than August 1, 1998, with a crossing control arm. The crossing control arm, when activated, shall extend a minimum of five feet six inches from the face of the front bumper. The crossing control arm shall be attached on the right side of the front bumper and shall be activated by the same controls which activate the mechanical and electrical signaling devices described in subsection 2 of this section. This subsection may be cited as "Jessica's Law" in commemoration of Jessica Leicht and all other Missouri school children who have been injured or killed during the operation of a school bus.

4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the driver of a school bus in the process of loading or unloading students upon a street or highway shall activate the mechanical and electrical signaling devices, in the manner prescribed by the state board of education, to communicate to drivers of other vehicles that students are loading or unloading. A public school district shall have the authority pursuant to this section to adopt a policy which provides that the driver of a school bus in the process of loading or unloading students upon a divided highway of four or more lanes may pull off of the main roadway and load or unload students without activating the mechanical and electrical signaling devices in a manner which gives the signal for other drivers to stop and may use the amber signaling devices to alert motorists that the school bus is slowing to a stop; provided that the passengers are not required to cross any traffic lanes and also provided that the emergency flashing signal lights are activated in a manner which indicates that drivers should proceed with caution, and in such case, the driver of a vehicle may proceed past the school bus with due caution. No driver of a school bus shall take on or discharge passengers at any location upon a highway consisting of four or more lanes of traffic, whether or not divided by a median or barrier, in such manner as to require the passengers to cross more than two lanes of traffic; nor shall any passengers be taken on or discharged while the vehicle is upon the road or highway proper unless the vehicle so stopped is plainly visible for at least five hundred feet in each direction to drivers of other vehicles in the case of a highway with no shoulder and a speed limit greater than sixty miles per hour and at least three hundred feet in each direction to drivers of other vehicles upon other highways, and on all highways, only for such time as is actually necessary to take on and discharge passengers.

5. The driver of a vehicle upon a highway with separate roadways need not stop upon meeting or overtaking a school bus which is on a different roadway, or which is proceeding in the opposite direction on a highway containing four or more lanes of traffic, or which is stopped in a loading zone constituting a part of, or adjacent to, a limited or controlled access highway at a point where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway.

6. The driver of any school bus driving upon the highways of this state after loading or unloading school children, shall remain stopped if the bus is followed by three or more vehicles, until such vehicles have been permitted to pass the school bus, if the conditions prevailing make it safe to do so.

7. If any vehicle is witnessed by a peace officer or the driver of a school bus to have violated the provisions of this section and the identity of the operator is not otherwise apparent, it shall be a rebuttable presumption that the person in whose name such vehicle is registered committed the violation. In the event that charges are filed against multiple owners of a motor vehicle, only one of the owners may be convicted and court costs may be assessed against only one of the owners. If the vehicle which is involved in the violation is registered in the name of a rental or leasing company and the vehicle is rented or leased to another person at the time of the violation, the rental or leasing company may rebut the presumption by providing the peace officer or prosecuting authority with a copy of the rental or lease agreement in effect at the time of the violation. No prosecuting authority may bring any legal proceedings against a rental or leasing company under this section unless prior written notice of the violation has been given to that rental or leasing company by registered mail at the address appearing on the registration and the rental or leasing company has failed to provide the rental or lease agreement copy within fifteen days of receipt of such notice.

8. Notwithstanding the provisions in section 301.130, RSMo, every school bus shall be required to have two license plates.

§ 304.060, RSMo School buses and other district vehicles, use to be regulated by board-field trips in common carriers regulation authorized-violation by employee, effect-design of school buses, regulated by board-St. Louis County buses may use word "special".

1. The state board of education shall adopt and enforce regulations not inconsistent with law to cover the design and operation of all school buses used for the transportation of school children when owned and operated by any school district or privately owned and operated under contract with any school district in this state, and such regulations shall by reference be made a part of any such contract with a school district. The state board of education may adopt rules and regulations governing the use of other vehicles owned by a district or operated under contract with any school district in this state and used for the purpose of transporting school children. The operator of such vehicle shall be licensed in accordance with section 302.272, RSMo, and such vehicle shall transport no more children than the manufacturer suggests as appropriate for such vehicle. The state board of education may also adopt rules and regulations governing the use of authorized common carriers for the transportation of students on field trips or other special trips for educational purposes. Every school district, its officers and employees, and every person employed under contract by a school district shall be subject to such regulations. The state board of education shall cooperate with the state highways and transportation department and the state highway patrol in placing suitable warning signs at intervals on the highways of the state.

2. Any officer or employee of any school district who violates any of the regulations or fails to include obligation to comply with such regulations in any contract executed by him on behalf of a school district shall be guilty of misconduct and subject to removal from office or employment. Any person operating a school bus under contract with a school district who fails to comply with any such regulations shall be guilty of breach of contract and such contract shall be canceled after notice and hearing by the responsible officers of such school district.

3. Any other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, in any county of the first class with a charter form of government adjoining a city not within a county school buses may bear the word "special".

§ 304.070, RSMo Violation of section 304.050 a misdemeanor.-

Any person who violates any of the provisions of subsections 1, 3 and 6 of section 304.050 is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

§ 304.075, RSMo School bus signs to be removed, when-misdemeanor.

1. Any motor vehicle which is not regularly being operated by a school district or under contract with a school district or by private schools for the transportation of school children shall not bear signs indicating that it is a school bus. When any person operating a school bus under contract with a school district uses it for purposes other than for the transportation of school children, the person shall cover the signs thereon in such manner that it will not appear on the highways as a school bus.

2. Any person violating this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

CHAPTER 307

§ 307.140, RSMo Safety glass on vehicles for hire and school buses-

It shall be unlawful after January 1, 1936, to operate on any public highway or street, in this state, a motor vehicle registered in the state of Missouri, manufactured or assembled after said date, designed or used for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire, or designed or used for the purpose of carrying school children, unless such vehicle be equipped in all doors, windows and windshields with safety glass.

§ 307.375, RSMo Inspection of school buses-items covered-violations, when corrected, notice to patrol-spot checks authorized.-

1. The owner of every bus used to transport children to or from school in addition to any other inspection required by law shall submit the vehicle to an official inspection station, and obtain a certificate of inspection, sticker, seal or other device annually, **but the inspection of the vehicle shall not be made more than sixty days** prior to operating the vehicle during the school year. The inspection shall, in addition to the inspection of the mechanism and equipment required for all motor vehicles under the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390, include an inspection to ascertain that the following items are correctly fitted, adjusted, and in good working condition:

- (1) All mirrors, including crossview, inside, and outside;
- (2) The front and rear warning flashers;
- (3) The stop signal arm;
- (4) The crossing control arm on public school buses required to have them pursuant to section 304.050, RSMo;
- (5) The rear bumper to determine that it is flush with the bus so that hitching of rides cannot occur;
- (6) The exhaust tailpipe to determine that it does not protrude from the bus;
- (7) The emergency prior to operating the vehicle during the school year. The inspection shall, in addition to the inspection of the mechanism and equipment required for all motor vehicles under the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390, include an inspection to ascertain that the following items are correctly fitted, adjusted, and in good working condition:
 - (1) All mirrors, including crossview, inside, and outside;
 - (2) The front and rear warning flashers;
 - (3) The stop signal arm;
 - (4) The crossing control arm on public school buses required to have them pursuant to section 304.050, RSMo;
 - (5) The rear bumper to determine that it is flush with the bus so that hitching of rides cannot occur;
 - (6) The exhaust tailpipe to determine that it does not protrude from the bus;

- (7) The emergency **doors and exits** to determine **them to be** unlocked and easily opened as required;
- (8) The lettering and signing on the front, side, and rear of the bus;
- (9) The service door;
- (10) The step treads;
- (11) The aisle mats or aisle runners;
- (12) The emergency equipment which shall include as a minimum, a first aid kit, flares or fuses, and a fire extinguisher;
- (13) The seats, including a determination that they are securely fastened to the floor;
- (14) The emergency door buzzer;
- (15) All hand hold grips;
- (16) The interior glazing of the bus.

2. In addition to the inspection required by subsection 1, the Missouri state highway patrol shall conduct an inspection after February first of each school year of all vehicles required to be marked as school buses under section 304.050, RSMo. This inspection shall be conducted by the Missouri highway patrol in cooperation with the department of elementary and secondary education and shall include, as a minimum, items in subsection 1 and the following:

- (1) The driver seat belts;
- (2) The heating and defrosting systems;
- (3) The reflectors;
- (4) The bus steps;
- (5) The aisles.

3. If, upon inspection, conditions which violate the standards in subsection 2 are found, the owner or operator shall have them corrected in ten days and notify the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol or those persons authorized by the superintendent. If the defects or unsafe conditions found constitute an immediate danger, the bus shall not be used until corrections are made and the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol or those persons authorized by the superintendent are notified.

4. The Missouri highway patrol may inspect any school bus at any time and if such inspection reveals a deficiency affecting the safe operation of the bus, the provisions of subsection 3 shall be applicable.

CHAPTER 390

§ 390.020, RSMo Definitions Under Motor Carriers and Express Companies.-

(26) "School bus", any motor vehicle while being used solely to transport students to or from school or to transport students to or from any place for educational purposes or school purposes;

CHAPTER 432

§ 432.070, RSMo Contracts, execution of by counties, towns- form of contract.-

No county, city, town, village, school township, school district or other municipal corporation shall make any contract, unless the same shall be within the scope of its powers or be expressly

authorized by law, nor unless such contract be made upon a consideration wholly to be performed or executed subsequent to the making of the contract; and such contract, including the consideration, shall be in writing and dated when made, and shall be subscribed by the parties thereto, or their agents authorized by law and duly appointed and authorized in writing.

CHAPTER 537

§ 537.610, RSMo Liability insurance for tort claims may be purchased, by whom-limitations on waiver of immunity-appointment of settlements.-

1. ...the governing body of each political subdivision of this state, notwithstanding any other provision of law, may purchase liability insurance for tort claims, made against the state or the political subdivision, but the maximum amount of such coverage shall not exceed two million dollars for all claims arising out of a single occurrence and shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars for any one person in a single accident or occurrence, except for those claims governed by the provisions of the Missouri workers' compensation law, chapter 287, RSMo, and no amount in excess of the above limits shall be awarded or settled upon. Sovereign immunity for ...political subdivisions is waived only to the maximum amount of and only for the purposes covered by such policy of insurance purchased pursuant to the provisions of this section and in such amount and for such purposes provided in any self-insurance plan duly adopted by the governing body of any political subdivision of the state.

2. The liability of the state and its public entities on claims within the scope of sections 537.600 to 537.650, shall not exceed two million dollars for all claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence and shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars for any one person in a single accident or occurrence, except for those claims governed by the provisions of the Missouri workers' compensation law, chapter 287, RSMo.

3. No award for damages on any claim against a public entity within the scope of sections 537.600 to 537.650, shall include punitive or exemplary damages.

4. If the amount awarded to or settled upon multiple claimants exceeds two million dollars, any party may apply to any circuit court to apportion to each claimant his proper share of the total amount limited by subsection 1 of this section. The share apportioned each claimant shall be in the proportion that the ratio of the award or settlement made to him bears to the aggregate awards and settlements for all claims arising out of the accident or occurrence, but the share shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars.

5. The limitation on awards for liability provided for in this section shall be increased or decreased on an annual basis effective January first of each year in accordance with the Implicit Price Deflator for Personal Consumption Expenditures as published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the United States Department of Commerce. The current value of the limitation shall be calculated by the director of the department of insurance, who shall furnish that value to the secretary of state, who shall publish such value in the Missouri Register as soon after each January first as practicable, but it shall otherwise be exempt from the provisions of section 536.021, RSMo.

CHAPTER 569

§ 569.155, RSMo Trespass of a school bus.-

1. A person commits the crime of trespass of a school bus if he knowingly and unlawfully enters any part of or unlawfully operates any school bus.

2. Trespass of a school bus is a class A misdemeanor.

3. For the purposes of this section, the terms "unlawfully enters" and "unlawfully operates" refer to any entry or operation of a school bus which is not:

(1) Approved of and established in a school district's written policy on access to school buses; or

(2) Authorized by specific written approval of the school board.

4. In order to preserve the public order, any district which adopts the policies described in subsection 3 of

this section shall establish and enforce a student behavior policy for students on school buses.

CHAPTER 574

§ 574.085, RSMo Institutional vandalism-school buses.-

1. A person commits the crime of institutional vandalism by knowingly vandalizing, defacing or otherwise damaging:

- (1) Any church, synagogue or other building, structure or place used for religious worship or other religious purpose;
- (2) Any cemetery, mortuary, military monument or other facility used for the purpose of burial or memorializing the dead;
- (3) Any school, educational facility, community center, hospital or medical clinic owned and operated by a religious or sectarian group;
- (4) The grounds adjacent to, and owned or rented by, any institution, facility, building, structure or place described in subdivision (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection; or
- (5) Any personal property contained in any institution, facility, building, structure or place described in subdivision (1), (2), (3) of this subsection.
- (6) Any motor vehicle which is owned, operated, leased or under contract by a school district or a private school for the transportation of school children.

2. Institutional vandalism is punishable as follows:

- (1) Institutional vandalism is a class A misdemeanor, except as provided in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection;
- (2) Institutional vandalism is a class D felony if the offender commits any act described in subsection 1 of this section which causes damage to, or loss of, the property of another in an amount in excess of one thousand dollars;
- (3) Institutional vandalism is a class C felony if the offender commits any act described in subsection 1 of this section which causes damage to, or loss of, the property of another in an amount in excess of five thousand dollars.

3. In determining the amount of damage to property or loss of property, for purposes of this section, damage includes the cost of repair or, where necessary, replacement of the property that was damaged or lost.

SECTION 4-CODE OF STATE REGULATIONS EXCERPTS

The State Board of Education and the Department of Economic Development have adopted the following rules under the authority of Chapters 304 and 390 of the Missouri statutes, and they have been published in the Missouri Register and in the Code of State Regulations by the Secretary of State.

TITLE 4 -- DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Division 265 -- Division of Transportation

Chapter 10 -- Motor Carrier Operations

4 CSR 265-10.060 Classification of Common Carriers by Services Performed.

PURPOSE: This rule establishes classifications of types of carriers included within the terms "common carriers" and "contract carriers" established pursuant to Chapter 390, RSMo, according to the special nature of the services performed by them.

(1) The following classifications of types of common and contract carriers are established along with the special nature of the service that each shall be entitled to perform;

- (A) Motor carriers of passengers in school bus type equipment shall be authorized to transport passengers and their baggage on the highways of Missouri only in vehicles designed for the transportation of students to or from school, and shall specifically exclude vehicles which have reclining seats, special head or foot rests,

lavatories, rest rooms or snack bars, air conditioning or other conversions or comforts not normally found in school buses. When the vehicles are operated under a certificate or permit issued by the division, the designation school bus shall be covered and the stop arm deactivated.

(B) ...

TITLE 5 -- DEPARTMENT OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Division 30 -- Division of Administration--School Services

Chapter 261 -- Pupil Transportation

5 CSR 30-261.010 Requirements for the Operation of School Buses

PURPOSE: The State Board of Education has the authority to adopt and enforce regulations for the operation of all school buses used for the transportation of schoolchildren when owned and operated by any school district or privately-owned and operated under contract with any school district in this state. This rule establishes guidelines for the safe, efficient and economical operation of school buses.

(1) General Requirements for Approval of School Bus Transportation.

(A) All transportation of pupils furnished by a school district shall be authorized in accordance with the law.

(B) School bus routes over which school buses travel shall be approved by public school district board of education action no later than the end of October for their initial approval and no later than the end of June for the final approval of modifications made during the school year.

(C) All vehicles used for transporting pupils shall carry liability and property damage insurance.

(D) There shall be on file in the appropriate school district office copies of current contracts, bonds, driver's physical examination certificates, school bus permits and maps of school bus routes. Public school district boards of education shall require operators of school buses to conduct and prepare a record of the daily pretrip inspection for each school bus.

(E) Public school district boards of education shall provide for proper accounting of pupil transportation data and shall prepare and submit to the State Board of Education necessary reports for apportioning state transportation aid and for statistical purposes.

1. A listing shall be made of pupils scheduled to be transported on each board of education's approved routes on the second Wednesday of the month for the months of October and February.

2. The school district listing of pupils scheduled to be transported by route must be signed and maintained by the superintendent of the schools or an appointed designee.

(F) No school district shall receive state transportation aid for any pupil transported in a vehicle or over a school bus route which has not been approved by the public school district board of education or for any pupil transported in a vehicle whose driver does not meet the school bus driver qualifications as stated in section (2) of this rule.

(G) If a lock is to be placed on an emergency exit of a school bus, it shall be designed in a manner so that the engine cannot be started with the emergency exit locked.

(H) Public school district boards of education shall forbid drivers to pull any type of trailer behind a school bus.

(I) Only those signs and lettering allowed by law or rule shall be written on or attached to a school bus, except for safety-related signs or lettering which, if used, shall be placed on the rear of the bus, in no way obstructing the driver's view.

(J) Emergency evacuation drills on school buses shall be required for all students in grades kindergarten through six (K-6) at least once per semester. The first drill must be completed annually prior to October 31. The public school district board of education shall prescribe emergency evacuation drill requirements for all other students.

(K) Boards of education shall require operators of school buses to conduct and prepare a record of the daily pretrip inspection for each school bus.

(2) School Bus Driver Qualifications.

(A) All school bus drivers shall be duly licensed in accordance with Missouri statutes and public school district board policy.

1. Be in good physical and mental health;
2. Undergo a physical examination annually no more than ninety (90) days before the beginning of the school year by a physician licensed in medicine or osteopathy to determine whether they meet the requirements of section 302.272, RSMo, and present a signed physical examination certificate that they, in the physician's judgment, meet or exceed those requirements to the employer. A school bus driver whose ability to safely operate a school bus has been impaired by a physical or mental injury or disease, as determined by the public school district board of education, must submit a release by the attending physician prior to resuming school bus operation; and
3. Undergo testing for drug and alcohol use/abuse, in compliance with laws.

(3) Driver Operation.

(A) School bus drivers shall-

1. Observe carefully all signs, signals and rules of the road as provided by the Missouri Motor Vehicle Laws;
2. Follow these loading and unloading procedures-
 - A. If school bus is equipped with a master switch, make sure the master switch is in the "on" position;
 - B. Activate prewarning amber flashing lights at least five hundred feet (500') before a designated stop;
 - C. When stopping for a designated stop, apply brakes hard enough to light up the brake lights so that vehicles behind the school bus will know it is slowing down;
 - D. Pull as far to the right as practicable on the traveled portion of the roadway and at a location so that the school bus is visible for at least three hundred feet (300') in both directions. Check all mirrors to see that traffic is clear and it is safe to stop;
 - E. Approach waiting students with extreme care, paying attention to the surface on which the school bus will stop (dry, slippery, slopes right, rough ground, and the like). Bring the school bus to a complete stop so that the closest part of the school bus is not less than six feet (6') and not more than ten feet (10') from the closest student;
 - F. Place the transmission in neutral and set the parking brake as needed;
 - G. Deactivate the prewarning amber flashing lights and activate the red flashing warning lights and the stop arm when opening the service door after stopping;
 - H. Check traffic in front and rear of school bus before you give the students a hand signal that it is okay to cross the road. Drivers should train students not to approach the school bus until given a signal and to check traffic before crossing the roadway;

- I. Require students who must cross the roadway after leaving the bus or before boarding the bus to cross a minimum of ten feet (10') in front of the bus and only upon a signal given by the driver, monitor or bus patrol when organized bus patrols are used; and
- J. Have students go directly to their seats. When students are seated, check traffic and close the front door to deactivate the red flashing warning lights and stop arm;
- 3. Perform and prepare written documentation of the daily pretrip inspection which is to be submitted to the transportation administrator. Pretrip inspection of vehicles shall include brakes, steering components, lights, signaling devices, emergency door, tires and safety equipment, as a minimum. Any defects or deficiencies that may affect the safety of vehicle operation or result in mechanical breakdown shall be reported immediately in writing and driver shall not operate school bus until the defect or deficiency has been corrected;
- 4. Activate the prewarning amber flashing lights if a school bus stop must be made in close proximity to the crest of a hill or on curves with limited sight distance, approximately one hundred feet (100') before passing the crest so that vehicles following to the rear shall be made aware the bus is preparing to stop for the purpose of loading or unloading pupils;
- 5. Assume control of all children while they are being transported requiring respectable and orderly behavior from them. Particular attention should be given to the care and protection of the younger pupils. Any continued disorderly conduct should be reported to the proper school authorities;
- 6. Not back school bus on school grounds unless rear is guarded by school patrol or adult and driver is advised that the way is clear. Backing the bus at any time shall be avoided if at all possible;
- 7. Follow these procedures when a school bus is disabled-
 - A. Stop the bus as far to the right as possible (on the shoulder, if available);
 - B. Secure the bus, activate hazard/warning lights and set parking brake;
 - C. Keep children in bus. If location of the bus is unsafe, remove the children to a safer location;
 - D. Place triangular reflectors a minimum of one hundred feet (100') in both the front and rear of the bus;
 - E. Telephone, radio or send capable student to call authorities, giving bus location and description of breakdown; and
 - F. See that all pupils are delivered to their destinations;
- 8. Keep inside of vehicle clean and comfortable at all times;
- 9. Keep lettering and lights on front and rear of bus clean so that all markings are clearly visible;
- 10. Keep service door closed at all times when bus is in motion;
- 11. Not leave a loaded bus while motor is running;
- 12. Fill the fuel tank only when there are no children in the bus;
- 13. Not allow animals on the school bus except for seeing eye dogs or other specially trained animals necessary to furnishing special education services for handicapped children to comply with section 162.710, RSMo;
- 14. Not allow weapons or explosive material on the school bus;
- 15. Not allow items carried on the school bus to protrude into or block the aisle or be left in the driver or exit areas;
- 16. Make and promptly file all daily, weekly and monthly reports which may be required;
- 17. Use seat belt whenever the bus is in motion;

18. Not drive any school bus for more than --
 - A. Eight (8) consecutive hours. Hours will be consecutive unless the individual ceases operation of the vehicle for at least sixty (60) minutes; or
 - B. An aggregate of twelve (12) hours in a twenty-four (24)-hour period;
 19. Illuminate headlights whenever students are being transported;
 20. Not use tobacco products at any time in the school bus; and
 21. Not operate a school bus while under the influence of intoxicants, narcotics or drugs.
- (4) Reporting of School Bus Accidents. Any school bus accident which results in personal injury or total property damage in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500) shall be reported on the School Bus Accident Report (3-260-011) immediately following the accident.
- (5) Public School District Route Approval General Definitions and Procedures
- (A) General Definitions
1. Eligible miles - Those miles traveled from where the bus is kept at night until it returns to the same location after the pupils have been returned home, as long as it is used only to transport pupils to and from school, are eligible for state transportation aid.
 2. Ineligible miles - All miles that are driven for any purpose other than transporting students to and from school during the school term are ineligible for state transportation aid. Field trips, athletic trips and other extracurricular activity trips are examples of ineligible miles. Miles traveled to rerun a route or part of a route to transport students participating in before- or after-school activities or training are also ineligible miles. All ineligible miles shall be recorded and subsequently reported on the application for state transportation aid.
 3. School bus route - A bus route begins when a bus leaves a point (home, school, and the like) empty and proceeds on a predetermined route, picking up pupils and then traveling to a school(s) until the bus is empty; and returning the pupils to a designated point after school. If more than one (1) route is run by the same bus, each additional route begins when the bus is empty after discharging all the pupils from a previous route and proceeds along another predetermined route, picking up pupils and discharging all of them at their attendance center(s) and returning them home.
- (B) Public School District Route Approval Procedures - Public school districts must adopt a policy implementing school bus route approval procedures for the annual approval of the routes needed for safe and cost efficient pupil transportation service which meets and may exceed the State Board's minimum requirements as described in this subsection. The policy shall be adopted and used during the 1998-99 and subsequent school years. A copy of the policy shall be filed with the State Board as may be required.
1. Criteria for determining routes
 - A. Location of pupil's residence;
 - B. Grade and age of the pupils to be transported;
 - C. Type and condition of roads;
 - D. Standard of service desired; and
 - E. Funds available for transportation service.
 2. Safety considerations for establishing school bus routes
 - A. The general safety of all routes in relation to hazards such as hills, intersections, railroad crossings, bridges, sharp curves, and obstructions to visibility;
 - B. The general safety of loading and unloading stops in relation to the visibility of approaching motorists;
 - C. Walking distance to the bus stop in relation to the age of the pupil; and
 - D. Walking route safety to loading stop, from unloading stop, and loading zones.

3. Administrative policy shall be adopted by the public school district board of education for the 1998-99 and subsequent school years which describes the criteria, safety considerations and routing standards school officials must use when establishing or modifying school bus routes. Examples of administrative policy components include but are not limited to:

- A. Duplication of route miles and "deadheading" shall be avoided if at all possible;
- B. School bus stops should be established no less than 500 feet apart;
- C. Multiple routes by a single school bus should be used when possible;
- D. Routes should be planned to avoid dead-end streets or cul-de-sacs whenever possible;
- E. Assign pupils to school buses so that passenger loads do not exceed manufacturer vehicle passenger capacity and to avoid overloading;
- F. All school buses should be loaded as near their capacity as possible;
- G. Buses should be used primarily to transport pupils to and from school. Buses may be used to transport pupils on school-sponsored activity trips, but such trips should not interfere with the transportation of pupils to and from school;
- H. Each school district shall keep on file an up-to-date map showing the location and length of each school bus route;
- I. Bus routing and seating plans shall be coordinated so that there are no standees and every passenger is provided a seat. The seating space provided each passenger must be sufficient to ensure that the back of each passenger may come into full contact with the seat back;
- J. All vehicles used to transport pupils shall comply with the requirements of the law and with standards and safety rules as adopted by the State Board of Education; and
- K. School bus inspection in the month of August shall be conducted as provided by law before the approval of the routes.

4. School districts which transport nonresident pupils not legally assigned or through an interdistrict contract shall not claim any additional miles as eligible miles and the pupils shall be reported as ineligible pupils.

- A. High school pupils from elementary school districts—High school pupils residing in an elementary school district are to be claimed only by the elementary district. The elementary district shall claim mileage from where the bus enters the elementary district, including miles traveled within the elementary district and the most direct route to the school of attendance.

5 CSR 30-261.025 Minimum Requirements for School Bus Chassis and Body

PURPOSE: The State Board of Education is required by law to adopt and enforce regulations for the design of all school buses used for the transportation of schoolchildren when owned and operated by any school district or privately owned and operated under contract with any school district in this state. This rule establishes the minimum requirements for the design of chassis and body used for school buses in the transportation of pupils. The requirements for the school bus chassis and body have been combined and extensively revised to comply with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards and the changing needs of pupil transportation in Missouri.

The minimum requirements for school bus chassis and body are divided into five (5) sections. Each section explains the specifications for the parts of the school bus. Section (1) deals with general provisions relative to administrative concerns. Section (2) defines the different types of school buses. Section (3) explains the minimum specifications for a school bus chassis. Section (4) explains the minimum specifications for a school bus body. Section (5) explains the minimum specifications for a school bus equipped specifically to transport handicapped students.

NOTE: This rule includes incorporated by reference material titled 1997 Missouri Minimum Standards For School Buses. Specifications contained in this material apply to all school buses manufactured after June 30, 1997, used to transport Missouri public school students. The Pupil Transportation Section has determined that this document would not be included in this publication. Individuals interested in obtaining a copy of this document should send a written request to the Director of Pupil Transportation.

5 CSR 30-261.040 Allowable Costs for State Transportation Aid

PURPOSE: Section 163.161, RSMo, authorizes state transportation aid to school districts based upon allowable costs. This rule defines allowable costs and specifies how they will be used in calculating state transportation aid. The rule further specifies school district record keeping and audit requirements related to the calculation of state aid.

(1) Allowable Costs for School District Operated Transportation.

(A) Salaries of personnel employed for the operation and maintenance of pupil transportation are allowable. If employees have other school duties in addition to those relating directly to transportation, salaries shall be divided between pupil transportation and other programs according to time actually spent in each program.

1. Examples of allowable salaries for pupil transportation personnel include those paid to full-time transportation directors, school aides serving students with special needs pursuant to law, school bus drivers, mechanics, mechanic's helpers and garage custodians.

2. Examples of nonallowable salaries include those paid to part-time transportation directors, school administrators and administrative support staff that exceed the limitation described in paragraph (1)(I)1. of this rule.

(B) Employee benefits paid on salaries charged under subsection (1)(A) of this rule required by law, including unemployment and Workers' Compensation insurance, retirement and Social Security or other benefits approved by public school district board of education action as necessary to recruit and retain qualified school bus drivers are allowable. Contributions or benefits for employees who are charged part-time to pupil transportation shall be prorated accordingly.

(C) Purchased service expense is an allowable cost. Examples of allowable purchased service expense include:

1. Insurance on pupil transportation school buses;
2. Labor contracted for repairs and parts used for repairs by persons other than school district employees;
3. Expenditures for utilities, insurance and telephone for the school bus garage/storage facility. If these facilities are used for vehicles other than school buses, costs must be prorated on the basis of the number of vehicles served by the facility; and
4. Expenditures for cellular telephone service for school bus two (2)-way radio communication system.

(D) Supplies expense is an allowable cost. Examples of allowable supplies include:

1. Fuel;
2. Oil and other lubricants;
3. Tires, both new and recapped, tubes, tire and tube repair;
4. Tools;
5. Parts, including engine parts, batteries, antifreeze, small motors, lights, lenses, bulbs, springs and shock absorbers; and
6. Custodial supplies for the school bus garage/storage facility. If these facilities are used for vehicles other than pupil transportation

vehicles, costs must be prorated on the basis of the number of vehicles served by the facility.

(E) Capital outlay expense is an allowable cost. Capital outlay expenditures must be paid out of the Capital Projects Fund. Examples of allowable capital outlay expenditures include:

1. The cost of retrofit equipment required on school buses under Missouri specification or otherwise authorized in this rule;
2. Expenses incurred to equip school buses with a two (2)-way radio communication system, including a communication tower (antenna) and administrative base station or cellular telephones;
3. Expenses incurred to equip school buses with strobe lights; and
4. The cost of replacement engines for school buses.

(F) The depreciation costs of new and used school buses. New and used school buses which are being leased with the intention of purchase must be depreciated. The purchase price of leased school buses shall not include interest. Each vehicle eligible for depreciation shall be depreciated on a straight-line depreciation schedule of eight (8) years beginning in the first year the school bus is placed in service. No depreciation will be paid for school buses which are ten (10) model years of age or older. If a vehicle is sold, either for cash or trade-in, its value and the gain or loss from sale or trade must be reflected in the aggregate district depreciation schedule.

(G) The depreciation costs of new facilities such as the school bus storage facilities and maintenance garages may be claimed by a school district on a straight-line depreciation schedule of not less than twenty (20) years beginning in the first year of the facility's use. If these facilities are used for vehicles other than school buses, the depreciation charged will be prorated on the basis of the number of vehicles served by the facilities.

(H) Gasoline, oil, parts or other operating expense for any vehicle or equipment that is not a school bus are not allowable. Examples include, but are not limited to, superintendents' cars, food service vans, school maintenance vehicles, driver education cars, lawn mowers, tractors, speech laboratories and bookmobiles.

(I) Administrative support service expenditures not to exceed five percent (5%) for each district-operated transportation services school district's total of subsections (1)(A)-(G) in this rule and for each contract-operated school district's total of subsection (2)(A) cost for providing administrative support services related to the operation of their pupil transportation program. Administrative support service expenditures include:

1. Salaries and benefits paid to part-time transportation directors, school administrators and administrative support staff;
2. Expenditures for utilities, insurance and telephone for the transportation office;
3. Custodial and office supplies for the transportation office; and
4. Office space and equipment for the transportation office, including but not limited to: furniture, copy machine, fax machine, computer hardware and software.

(2) Allowable Costs for Contracted Transportation Service.

(A) Contracted transportation costs, including transportation of students under the provisions of section 304.060, RSMo administrative support services in subsection (1)(I) of this rule and costs paid to other school districts, are allowable.

(3) Eligible and Ineligible Transportation Mileage.

(A) Transportation eligible for state aid includes:

1. Approved route mileage during the regular school term to and from--
 - A. School at the beginning and end of the school day;
 - B. A publicly-operated university laboratory school at the beginning and end of the school day;
 - C. Any school, department or class conducted during the regular school day for which vocational aid is paid by the Division of Vocational and Adult Education that provides education services for high school students;

D. Special education classes either in or outside the district that require special transportation arrangements; and
E. Any public school district with an accredited high school when provided by an elementary school district at the beginning and end of the school day;

2. Approved route mileage during the summer school term (for summer school programs that are approved by the Division of Instruction) to and from special education classes either in or outside the district that require special transportation arrangements; and

3. Route mileage will be approved by the State Board of Education on the basis of the most effective and economical route to transport students. All mileage on approved routes will be considered eligible including necessary mileage before student pickups and after student delivery.

(B) Transportation ineligible for state aid includes:

1. Mileage to and from any place at any time for field trips, athletic events or extracurricular activities;

2. Mileage for maintenance or safety inspections;

3. Mileage for school bus operators to take commercial driver's license or school bus permit driving skills tests, or both;

4. Mileage for special education shuttle transportation services for diagnostic purposes, physical, speech or occupational therapy; and

5. Mileage for transporting three (3)- and four (4)-year old special education students to any place for education services authorized by section 162.700, RSMo.

(C) Each district shall maintain records in a detail as to readily disclose the eligible and ineligible mileage that contracted and/or district-operated school buses travel during the year.

(4) Students Eligible and Ineligible for State Transportation Aid.

(A) State aid for transportation shall be paid as provided in section 163.161, RSMo and as implemented in this rule, only on the basis of the cost of transportation for those living one (1) mile or more from school including publicly-operated university laboratory schools or who are transported one (1) mile or more to and from public accredited vocational courses, special education classes either in or outside the district. School term, vocational and special education students, are defined as eligible students in calculating a district's state transportation aid.

(B) If a district provides transportation service to students living less than one (1) mile from school as provided in section 167.231, RSMo or who are provided shuttle transportation less than one (1) mile to and from any school or learning center either in or outside the district for department-approved specialized learning opportunities, these students may be transported and are defined as ineligible students in calculating a district's state transportation aid. If, however, a board of education determines that certain students who live less than one (1) mile from school or who are provided shuttle transportation less than one (1) mile to and from specialized learning opportunities are transported at no appreciable expense to that incurred in the transportation of eligible students, a district may provide transportation to these students without increasing or diminishing its entitlement to state transportation aid but in no case shall more than twelve percent (12%) of its average daily number of eligible pupils transported be at no appreciable additional expense.

(C) If a district receives compensation from a parent or guardian for transporting a student who lives less than one (1) mile from school, as provided in section 167.231, RSMo or who is provided shuttle transportation less than one (1) mile to and from specialized learning opportunities, the student shall be reported as ineligible and shall not be counted as a part of the students transported at no appreciable additional expense.

(5) Calculation of State Transportation Aid for Districts Other Than Special School Districts for the cost of transportation incurred after June 30, 1998.

(A) State transportation aid will be determined by prorating total allowable cost less the total cost of transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped students,

including district-operated transportation costs, contracted costs, or both, on the basis of eligible and ineligible miles less the miles for the transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped students. The average number of students scheduled to be transported (AST) and the applicable mileage resulting from a contract for transportation between two (2) school districts will be certified by the district providing contracted service to the sending district. The AST and mileage so certified will be omitted by the serving district from its calculation of state aid and will be included by the sending district in its state aid computations.

1. Non-handicapped students allowable costs, less any receipts for interdistrict contracted transportation, will be divided by the total number of non-handicapped students eligible miles and ineligible miles traveled to obtain a non-handicapped students cost per mile.

2. The non-handicapped students cost per mile is multiplied by total non-handicapped students eligible miles giving the cost for non-handicapped students eligible miles. This cost is divided by the average number of eligible non-handicapped students plus the average number of ineligible students scheduled to be transported, less the average scheduled number transported at no appreciable additional expense, giving the cost per non-handicapped students AST.

3. The cost per AST for non-handicapped students calculated in paragraph (5)(A)2. is multiplied by the eligible non-handicapped students AST, representing the average number of non-handicapped students scheduled to be transported who live one (1) mile or more from school. If necessary, this product is then adjusted by the district's cost factor, as outlined in Appendix A, to determine what portion of its costs for eligible non-handicapped students will be used in calculating transportation aid. The result of this step is then multiplied by seventy-five percent (75%) to obtain a tentative non-handicapped students transportation aid figure.

4. The total cost of transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped students multiplied by seventy-five percent (75%) to obtain a tentative handicapped students transportation aid figure for public school districts that maintain records of specialized services for school students.

5. The cost per AST for non-handicapped students calculated in paragraph (5)(A)3. is combined with the cost per AST for handicapped students calculated in paragraph (5)(A)4. to obtain a tentative transportation aid figure.

- (1) One hundred and twenty-five percent (125%) of the state average per pupil cost for the second preceding year is multiplied by the district's eligible non-handicapped students AST to obtain a ceiling figure. This ceiling figure is compared to the tentative transportation aid figure determined in paragraph (5)(A)4. of this rule.

- (2) If the smaller figure is the tentative transportation aid figure determined in paragraph (5)(A)4. of this

rule, the state transportation aid to be apportioned for the ensuing year will be the amount calculated in paragraph (5)(A)4.

- (D) If the smaller figure is the ceiling figure determined in subsection (5)(B) of this rule and if the district provides no transportation for handicapped, severely handicapped students, or both, the amount of transportation aid to be apportioned for the ensuing year will be the ceiling figure determined in subsection (5)(B) of this rule. If the district provides transportation for handicapped, severely handicapped students, or both, additional aid may be calculated as follows:

1. That portion of total allowable costs which is directly and exclusively incurred for approved transportation of handicapped and severely handicapped students is divided by the average number of handicapped and severely handicapped students scheduled to be transported in this approved transportation. From the result is subtracted the district average cost per non-handicapped students AST determined in paragraph (5)(A)3 of this rule;

2. The difference obtained in paragraph (5)(D)1. is multiplied by seventy-five percent (75%) and the product is then multiplied again

by the average number of handicapped and severely handicapped students scheduled to be transported; and

3. The result in paragraph (5)(D)2. is added to the amount of transportation aid calculated in subsection (5)(B). The sum is compared to the tentative transportation aid figure calculated in paragraph (5)(A)4. and the smaller amount is the aid to be apportioned during the ensuing school year.

(E) If the amount appropriated for transportation aid is less than the aggregate amount of entitlement for districts, then the amount of aid distributed to each district shall be prorated to equal the level of appropriation.

(6) Records and Audits.

(A) Each school district will submit an application each year showing the allowable costs and mileage upon which its claim for transportation aid is based. The application figures must be documented by the records of the local school district.

1. Records are to be kept on a school-year basis.

2. Records are to include substantiation for the following:

A. Allowable costs as defined in this rule;

B. Eligible and ineligible mileage as defined in this rule;

C. Numbers of students who are provided transportation under eligible mileage; and

D. All receipts for transportation contracts from other districts, student activities or other sources.

(B) The school district audit provided for in section 165.121, RSMo shall include an opinion statement regarding the adequacy and accuracy of allowable cost and mileage records kept by the district and used for the transportation aid application for the period audited.

(7) Additional Allowable Cost for Transporting the Handicapped/Severely Handicapped.

(A) Expenditures for additional equipment necessary for transporting the handicapped/severely handicapped, such as vehicle renovation, lifts, seat restraints and wheelchair locks.

(B) Expenditures for additional drivers' salaries, benefits, purchased services, supplies and capital outlay (excluding vehicle purchases) incurred operating routes transporting only handicapped/severely handicapped.

1. Routes to be approved by the board of education and included for additional costs for transporting the handicapped must meet the following criteria:

A. Transport students to and from school on a daily basis; and

B. Transport exclusively handicapped/severely handicapped students.

(C) Expenditures for salaries and required benefits of bus aides required for transporting handicapped/severely handicapped.

(8) Procedures to Evaluate Circumstances to Authorize State Transportation Aid in Excess of State Average Approved Cost Per Pupil Transported the Second Previous Year.

(A) The district cost factor described below shall be used to measure the efficiency of the transportation program for costs other than the costs of transporting exclusively handicapped and severely handicapped students. The State Board of Education will authorize transportation aid in excess of one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the state average cost per pupil transported the second previous year in an amount not to exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of allowable costs if the district would be eligible under the cost factor described below.

1. When section 163.161, RSMo, the authority for paying transportation aid, was revised in 1977, the General Assembly assigned responsibility for determining allowable costs to the State Board of Education. The definition of these costs and the way they are used in calculating transportation aid have been included in this rule. Because transportation aid is based on the level of costs, the board has been concerned that transportation service be provided as efficiently as possible. Accordingly, an approach has been developed to predict costs for transportation in school districts.

2. An analysis of transportation statistics has confirmed a strong correlation between the average number of bus miles per pupil

traveled each day (x) and the average cost per pupil mile (y). Based on this correlation, a simple curvilinear regression analysis can be computed to predict y, the cost per pupil mile, based on x, the number of miles per pupil per day, for each district. This general approach has been used as the basis for transportation aid in other states.

3. Using the results of the regression analysis, the cost per pupil mile predicted for each district can be compared with its actual cost per pupil mile. To the extent that the actual cost[s] is less than the predicted cost, a district can be considered to be operating its transportation service efficiently. To the extent that the actual cost exceeds the predicted cost, the district may be providing service inefficiently. Another way to express this relationship is as a percentage. If the ratio of actual to predicted costs is one hundred percent (100%) or less, the district program is assumed to be efficient. If the percentage is greater than one hundred percent (100%), there is presumed inefficiency.

4. The State Board of Education uses this cost factor expressed as a percentage to adjust allowable costs as an incentive for economical service. A variance factor based statistically on the standard error has been determined to allow for any possible error in the regression analysis. The variance factor has been set at four percent (4%). The state maximum cost factor will be one hundred four percent (104%) (100 percent plus 4 percent variance factor). If a school district has a cost factor percentage of one hundred four percent (104%) or less, no adjustment is made in allowable costs. If the cost factor is greater than one hundred four percent (104%), the allowable costs will be reduced by the same percentage that the factor exceeds one hundred four percent (104%). For example, if the cost factor is one hundred ten percent (110%), this figure exceeds one hundred four percent (104%) by six percent (6%) and the allowable costs would be reduced six percent (6%) before calculating transportation aid. Allowable costs will not be adjusted to a level lower than seventy percent (70%) using this cost factor.

5. The cost per pupil mile will be predicted annually for all school districts providing transportation service based on data submitted on the application for transportation aid. The following statistical formula defines the curvilinear regression analysis used to determine cost factors.

Prediction Formula

$$y = ax^b$$

y = predicted cost per pupil per mile for a district

x = actual miles per pupil per day for a district [a; and]

a and b = computed amounts using the entire state's average miles per pupil per day (x) and average cost per pupil mile (y) as further defined.

Formula to compute a

$$a = e^{(\sum \text{Lny} - b \sum \text{Lnx}) / N}$$

e = 2.71. . . (This is a constant from mathematics. "a" is obtained by finding the natural antilog of the exponent of "e" as shown in the equation above.)

Formula to compute b

$$b = \frac{N \sum (\text{Lnx} \bullet \text{Lny}) - (\sum \text{Lnx}) \bullet (\sum \text{Lny})}{N \sum (\text{Lnx})^2 - (\sum \text{Lnx})^2}$$

The meanings of the symbols used in the formulas defining "a" and "b" are as listed—

Lnx = natural logarithm of each x

Lny = natural logarithm of each y

(Lnx)² = natural logarithm of each x squared

(Lnx) • (Lny) = natural logarithm of x multiplied by the natural logarithm of y for each district

∑ Lnx = sum of Lnx for all transporting districts

∑ Lny = sum of Lny for all transporting districts

$\Sigma (Lnx)^2$ = sum of $(Lnx)^2$ for all transporting districts

$\Sigma (Lnx \bullet Lny)$ = sum of $(Lnx \bullet Lny)$ for all transporting districts

N = number of transporting districts

5 CSR 30-261.045 Pupil Transportation in Vehicles Other Than School Buses (Effective through October 28, 2000)

PURPOSE: This rule establishes standards for transportation in other than approved school buses.

(1) Requirements for Transportation of Students in Motor Vehicles That Are Not Licensed as School Buses Owned by a School District or Operated Under Contract With Any School District.

(A) The number of passengers, including students and driver, that may be transported at any one (1) time shall be limited to the number the manufacturer suggests as appropriate for that vehicle or, if not posted in the vehicle, then limited to the number of seat belts in the vehicle in accordance with section 304.060, RSMo.

(B) Motor vehicles designed for enclosed passenger transportation may be used subject to approval by the local board of education.

(C) Motor vehicles shall be licensed according to law and shall display a current state safety inspection sticker.

(D) The driver shall have a valid Missouri operator's license for the motor vehicle and comply with section 302.272, RSMo.

(E) The motor vehicles shall have liability insurance coverage in accordance with section 537.610, RSMo and as required by the local board of education.

(F) When transportation service in motor vehicles other than those licensed as school buses is contracted, there shall be a written contract between the district and the individual or firm providing the service.

(G) When the driver is not under contract with the school district to provide the transportation, the school district shall ensure that the driver meets the driver qualifications in 5 CSR 30-261.010 subsection (2)(A) and paragraphs (B)(1.)-(6.), and (9.)

(2) Requirements for Transportation of Students in Motor Vehicles Not Licensed as School Buses Not Owned by a School District or Operated Under Contract With Any School District.

(A) The number of passengers, including students and driver, that may be transported at any one (1) time shall be limited to the number the manufacturer suggests as appropriate for that vehicle or, if not posted in the vehicle, then limited to the number of seat belts in the vehicle in accordance with section 304.060, RSMo.

(B) Motor vehicles designed for enclosed passenger transportation may be used subject to approval by the local board of education.

(C) Motor vehicles shall be licensed according to law and shall display a current state safety inspection sticker.

(D) The driver of a privately-owned motor vehicle that is not licensed as a school bus and not paid to transport students to and from school or school activities by the school district shall have a valid Missouri operator's license.

(E) Motor vehicles shall have liability insurance coverage in accordance with section 537.610, RSMo and as required by the local board of education.

(F) The school district shall ensure that the driver meets the driver qualifications in 5 CSR 30-261.010 (2)(A) and (B)(1.)-(6.), and (9.).

(3) Requirements for Transportation of Students in Authorized Common Carriers.

(A) Authorized common carriers shall only be used to transport students to and from field trips or other special trips for education purposes and shall not be used to transport students to and from school. Authorized common carriers, as used in this regulation, are over-the-road intercity type coaches equipped with reclining seats, air conditioning and rest room facilities and holding authority from the Missouri Division of Transportation or the Interstate Commerce Commission.

(B) There shall be a written contract between the district and individual or firm providing the vehicle.

(C) All contracts with authorized common carriers shall include:

1. Proof of liability insurance in the amount of five (5) million dollars per accident; and
2. Proof of safety inspections and compliance with applicable Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

(D) The driver of an authorized common carrier shall hold a valid Missouri commercial driver's license or a similar license valid in any other state and shall comply with all applicable driver qualifications of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

5 CSR 30-261.045 Pupil Transportation in Vehicles Other Than School Buses (Effective October 29, 2000)

PURPOSE: Section 304.060, RSMo, authorizes vehicles other than approved school buses to be used for transportation of students. This rule establishes standards for transportation in other than approved school buses.

(1) Requirements for transportation of students in vehicles designed for transporting more than ten (10) passengers including the driver.

(A) After July 1, 2001, newly purchased, newly leased, newly placed into service, newly contracted vehicles or vehicles replaced under contracted services with a rated capacity, as defined by the manufacturer, to carry more than ten (10) passengers including the driver that are used to transport students to or from school or to transport students to or from any place for educational purposes or school purposes shall meet state and federal specification and safety standards applicable to school buses. Contract common carriers meeting federal Department of Transportation standards may be used for field trips as outlined in section (3) of this rule.

(2) Requirements for transportation of students in vehicles designed for transporting ten (10) passengers or less including the driver.

(A) The number of passengers, including students and driver, that may be transported at any one (1) time shall be limited to the number the manufacturer suggests as appropriate for that vehicle in accordance with section 304.060, RSMo, or if not posted in the vehicle, then limited to the number of seat belts in the vehicle.

(B) The driver and each passenger shall be properly secured with the appropriate seat restraint at all times while the vehicle is in motion.

(C) Motor vehicles designed for enclosed passenger transportation may be used subject to approval by the local board of education.

(D) Motor vehicles shall be licensed according to law and shall display a current state safety inspection sticker.

(E) The driver of a district owned or district contracted vehicle shall have a valid Missouri operator's license for the motor vehicle and comply with section 302.272, RSMo, and 5 CSR 30-261.010(2)(A)1-3, not to include a parent or guardian transporting only their children under a written contract with the district and who is not compensated by the district. The parent or guardian shall have a valid Missouri operator's license for the vehicle operated as per 5 CSR 30-261.010(2)(A).

(F) The driver of a privately owned vehicle who is not compensated by the school district to transport students to and from school or school related events shall have a valid Missouri operator's license for the vehicle operated as per 5 CSR 30-261.010(2)(A). This shall include any person who transports school children as an incident to employment with a school or school district, such as a teacher, coach, administrator, secretary, school nurse, or janitor unless such person is under contract with or employed by a school or school district as a school bus operator as per section 302.010 (19), RSMo. Compensation shall be defined for the purpose of this section as any reimbursement received by the driver that exceeds the average cost of operating a car per mile as established by the American Automobile Association.

(G) Motor vehicles shall have liability insurance coverage in accordance with section 537.610, RSMo, and as required by the local board of education.

(H) When transportation service in motor vehicles other than those licensed as school buses is contracted, there shall be a written contract between the district and the individual or firm providing the service.

(3) Requirements for Transportation of Students in Authorized Common Carriers.

(A) Authorized common carriers shall only be used to transport students to and from field trips or other special trips for educational purposes and shall not be used to transport students to and from school. Authorized common carriers, as used in this rule, are over-the-road intercity-type coaches equipped with reclining seats, air conditioning and restroom facilities, and holding authority from the Missouri Department of Economic Development, Division of Motor Carrier and Railroad Safety, or the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

(B) There shall be a written contract between the district and individual or firm providing the vehicle.

(C) All contracts with authorized common carriers shall include:

1. Proof of liability insurance in the amount of five (5) million dollars per accident; and
2. Proof of safety inspection and compliance with applicable federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

(D) The driver of an authorized common carrier shall hold a valid Missouri commercial driver's license or a similar license valid in any other state and shall comply with all applicable driver qualifications of the federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations.

5 CSR 30-261.050 Pupil Transportation Hardships

PURPOSE: This rule establishes guidelines for the assignment of pupils based upon the finding of an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship pursuant to section 167.121, RSMo.

(1) For the purpose of this rule, the following terms shall mean:

(A) Information request - The forms submitted to the designated review officer by the petitioner or the affected districts to document the existence of an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship;

(B) Natural barriers - Obstructions to school bus routes, for students who are required by law to be transported or students who are transported as a result of school district practice or policy, caused by streams, rivers, lakes and multi-lane highways with limited access;

(C) Petitioned district - That district to which the pupil will be assigned should the petition for assignment be granted.

(D) Petitioner - A parent or guardian of a pupil or, if eighteen (18) years of age or otherwise emancipated, the pupil who has petitioned for assignment pursuant to section 167.121, RSMo;

(E) Resident district - The district where the pupil resides at the time a petition for assignment is submitted;

(F) Review officer - That individual designated by the commissioner of education to review the request for assignment based upon the finding of an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship;

(G) Travel distance - The distance traveled to transport a pupil from the pupil's place of residence or other designated pickup point to the site of the pupil's educational placement; and

(H) Travel time - That period of time required to transport a pupil from the pupil's place of residence or other designated pickup point to the site of the pupil's educational placement;

(2) A petition may be filed with the commissioner of education to assign a pupil to another district based upon the existence of an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship. This petition must outline the basis for the request for assignment and be signed by the petitioning party.

(3) Upon receipt of a petition for assignment, the commissioner of education shall designate a review officer to make findings and a decision as to the existence of an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship. The designated review officer shall notify both the resident district and the petitioned district of the contents of the petition and shall forward to those districts relevant information requests.

(4) The review officer shall make findings and a decision relating to the existence of a transportation hardship based upon the petition for assignment and responses to the information

request submitted by the affected district. In addition, the review officer, at his/her discretion, may elect to make a visual inspection of the transportation routes in question and use those findings in his/her determination. Assignment requests based upon documented travel time of less than seventy-five (75) minutes shall be granted only upon the demonstration of special circumstances or transportation hardships caused by natural barriers.

(5) The findings and decision of the review officer relating to the petition for assignment shall be made in writing and submitted to the petitioner, the resident district and the petitioned district. If it is the decision of the review officer that an unusual or unreasonable transportation hardship exists, then the pupil shall be assigned to the petitioned school district. The board of education of the resident district shall be responsible for paying the tuition and, when appropriate, transportation costs of the pupil assigned consistent with the provisions of sections 167.121 and 167.241, RSMo.

(6) Not later than thirty (30) days from receipt of notice of the decision of the review officer, the petitioned district shall provide information to the resident district indicating the tuition amount and, if appropriate, transportation costs to be paid by the resident district consistent with the provisions of section 167.121 and 167.241, RSMo, for the pupil that has been assigned. If the resident district disagrees to the amount of the tuition or the transportation costs to be paid, the resident district shall indicate this disagreement to the review officer no later than forty-five (45) days from the date of notice that the pupil was assigned to the petitioned district. The review officer shall determine the appropriate amount of tuition cost to be paid by the resident district and, if appropriate, transportation costs, within fifteen (15) days, and shall notify the resident district and the petitioned district.

(7) Findings and/or decisions of the review officer as described in sections (5) and (6) may be affirmed, rescinded or modified by the commissioner of education upon request of the petitioner, resident district or petitioned district. Requests to affirm, rescind, or modify a finding and/or decision of the review officer shall be placed before the commissioner of education by the petitioner, resident district or petitioned district within ten (10) days from notification of the findings and decisions of the review officer as described in sections (5) and (6).

(8) Decisions of the commissioner of education as provided in section (7) may be appealed to the State Board of Education upon a written notice of intent to appeal by the petitioner, resident district or petitioned district. These appeals to the State Board of Education shall be limited to written information provided by the petitioner, resident district or petitioned district as to why the decision of the commissioner of education was in error. The intent to appeal shall be indicated in writing to the commissioner of education within ten (10) days from receipt of the commissioner of education's decisions as provided in section (7).

(9) As soon as reasonably possible after the commissioner of education receives the intent to appeal as provided in section (8), the appeal shall be placed on the agenda of the State Board of Education. The commissioner of education shall notify the petitioner, resident district and petitioned district of the date the appeal is to be considered by the State Board of Education. Upon an adjudication of the appeal, the State Board of Education shall notify the petitioner, resident district and petitioned district of its decision.

(10) Should the resident district refuse or otherwise fail to make payment of the tuition amount and, if appropriate, transportation costs for the pupil that has been assigned consistent with the provisions of sections 167.121 and 167.241, RSMo, as of June 30 following the date the pupil was assigned to the petitioned district, and if requested by the petitioned district, and assuming the petitioned district has provided accurate and complete attendance data to the resident district for the pupil as determined by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education shall be authorized to withhold that amount from subsequent state aid payments to the resident district and transfer the amount withheld to the petitioned district.

(11) Any final decision of assignment made during the course of any school semester, or any other term in which classes are held, shall remain in place until the end of that semester or term. Any petition for review of an existing assignment must be received by the Commissioner of Education thirty (30) days prior to the beginning of the semester in which rescinding of the assignment would take place.

APPENDIX

RESOURCE REFERENCE

Department of Elementary and Secondary Education School Transportation Section 205 Jefferson Street P.O. Box 480 Jefferson City, MO 65102-0480 (573) 751-2626 Debra Clink, School Transportation Consultant	State Highway patrol General Headquarters Motor Vehicle Inspection 1510 Elm Street PO Box 568 Jefferson City, MO 65102 (573) 751-3313
Department of Revenue, Drivers License Bureau CDL and School Bus Permits Truman Building, Room 470 PO Box 200 Jefferson City, MO 65105-0200 (573) 751-2730	Drug and Alcohol Testing Bureau of Motor Carriers Federal Highway Administration 209 Adams Street Jefferson City, MO 65101 (573) 636-3246

SCHOOL BUS VENDORS

Central States Bus Sales 2450 Cassens Drive St. Louis, MO 63024 (314) 343-6050 Bluebird School Bus Bodies	Ponder Equipment Company Route 1, Box 13A Linn, MO 65051 (573) 897-3582 Thomas Built School Bus Bodies	Allied Bus Sales P.O. Box 470 Nixa, MO 65714 (417) 725-2685 (800) 462-0172 Carpenter School Bus Bodies
Southern Illinois Bus Co. P.O. Box 37 Breese, IL 62230 (877) 526-4131 International and Midbus	Midwest Bus Sales, Inc. 313 East Front St Bonner Springs, KS 66012 (913) 422-1000 Thomas Building School Bus Bodies	
Central States Bus Sales 2450 Cassens Drive St. Louis, MO 63024 (314) 343-6050 Bluebird School Bus Bodies	Ponder Equipment Company Route 1, Box 13A Linn, MO 65051 (573) 897-3582 Thomas Built School Bus Bodies	Allied Bus Sales P.O. Box 470 Nixa, MO 65714 (417) 725-2685 (800) 462-0172 Carpenter School Bus Bodies
Southern Illinois Bus Co. P.O. Box 37 Breese, IL 62230 (877) 526-4131 International and Midbus	Midwest Bus Sales, Inc. 313 East Front St Bonner Springs, KS 66012 (913) 422-1000 Thomas Building School Bus Bodies	